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CLAIMS

- 1. A method for forming a pattern on a surface (10) by deposition of a mixture (20) that comprises an application material of molecules, oligomers, nanoparticles and a combination thereof (22) and a phase-change transfer material (24), the method comprising the steps of:
 - b.) heating the mixture (20) to a melt;
 - c.) depositing the melted mixture (21) on the surface (10) with a phase-change printing technique, thereby the melted mixture (21) solidifies instantaneously when it reaches the surface (10); and
 - d.) removing the transfer material (24) by sublimation.
- 2. The method according to claim 1 further comprising the step of a.) mixing the application material (22) with the transfer material (24) to the mixture (20).
- 3. The method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the step of removing the transfer material (24) by sublimation comprises applying a low pressure to and/or heating the deposited mixture (20).
- 4. The method according to any one of the preceding claims comprising repeating the steps b.) to d.) to deposit multiple layers.

5. A process for fabricating an organic light-emitting device (OLED) comprising the steps of:

heating a composition (20) to a melt (21), the composition (20) comprises an organic material (22) and a phase-change transfer material (24);

depositing the melted composition (21) onto a surface (10) by a phase-change printing technique, thereby the melted composition (21) solidifies instantaneously when it reaches the surface (10); and

removing the transfer material (24) by sublimation whereby the organic material (22) remains on the surface (10).

6. A composition (20) for patterning a surface (10) comprising

an application material (22) for forming a pattern, and

a phase-change transfer material (24) that sublimates after patterning by an action, wherein the application material (22) comprises one of an organic material, an OLED material, biological molecules, nanoparticles, and a combination thereof.

- 7. The composition according to claim 6 being a mixed powder.
- 8. The composition according to one of the preceding claims 6 and 7, wherein the transfer material (24) is a solid at approximately 0°C and melts at ambient pressure below 200°C.
- 9. The composition according to one of the preceding claims 6 to 8, wherein the transfer material (24) comprises cyclododecane or its derivatives.

- 10. The composition according to one of the preceding claims 6 to 9, wherein the transfer material (24) comprises one or more components.
- 11. The method according to claims 1 to 4 used to fabricate one of an organic electronic device, a monochrome and/or color display, a biological pattern, a biochip, a sensor, a semiconductor device, and a circuit.
- 12. A process for fabricating a field-effect transistor comprising the steps of:

forming source and drain contacts (402) on a substrate (400);

heating a composition (20) to a melt (21), the composition (20) comprises an organic material (22) and a phase-change transfer material (24);

depositing the melted composition (21) onto the substrate (400) with the source and drain contacts (402) by a phase-change printing technique, thereby the melted composition (21) solidifies instantaneously when it reaches the substrate (400);

removing the transfer material (24) by sublimation whereby the organic material (22) remains on the surface (10) as an organic semiconducting layer (404);

forming an insulating layer (406) on the organic semiconducting layer (404); and forming a gate contact (408) on the insulating layer (406).

13. The process according to claim 12, wherein at least one of the source/drain contacts (402), the insulating layer (406), and the gate contact (408) is created according to the method of claims 1 to 4 by the phase-change printing technique.